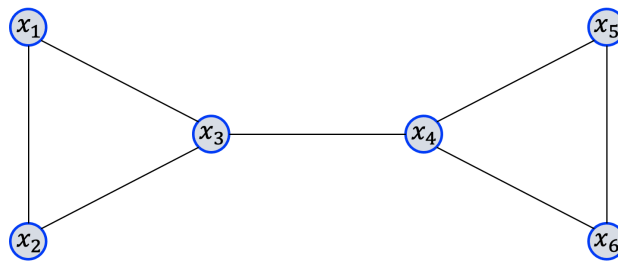


1 Evaluating clustering algorithms

In this problem we assume that we have a data set $\{x_1, \dots, x_6\} \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ that looks as follows:



The Euclidean distances along all the edges segments is equal to 1.

We will consider to alternative clusterings on these data:

- $\mathcal{C} = \{C_1, C_2\}$, with $C_1 = \{x_1, x_2, x_3\}$ and $C_2 = \{x_4, x_5, x_6\}$.
- $\mathcal{C}' = \{C'_1, C'_2, C'_3\}$, with $C'_1 = \{x_1, x_2\}$, $C'_2 = \{x_3, x_4\}$, and $C'_3 = \{x_5, x_6\}$.

1. Compute the Dunn-Index (DI) for \mathcal{C} and \mathcal{C}' , using the single-linkage inter-cluster distance, and the diameter intra-cluster distance. Which clustering is better?
2. Compute the mean Silhouette Coefficient (SC) for \mathcal{C} and \mathcal{C}' . Which one is better?
3. Suppose that we know that \mathcal{C}' is the ground-truth for this dataset. Compute the Rand Index (RI) for \mathcal{C} .

2 Matrix Factorisation and SVD

1. Find vectors $u \in \mathbb{R}^2$ and $v \in \mathbb{R}^3$ such that the following identity is satisfied for all the given values:

$$uv^\top = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & ? \\ -2 & ? & 4 \end{pmatrix}.$$

What value do you obtain at the missing entry denoted by a question mark?
HINT: What should be the rank of the matrix?

2. Compute (by hand) the singular value decomposition of the matrix

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Hint: (1) Find the eigenvalues of XX^\top by computing the [characteristic polynomial](#), and deduce the singular values of X . (2) Find the eigenvectors of both XX^\top and $X^\top X$, and conclude what the U and V matrices in the SVD should be.

3. Given the matrix

$$X := \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix},$$

we are interested in finding the best approximation \hat{X} , with $\text{rank}(\hat{X}) = 1$. By 'best' we mean with respect to the Frobenius norm. Use SVD to find \hat{X} (by hand).