

You should attempt ALL questions. Marks available are shown next to the questions.

In completing this assessment:

- You may use books and notes.
- You may use calculators and computers, but you must show your working for any calculations you do.
- You may use the Internet as a resource, but not to ask for the solution to an exam question or to copy any solution you find.
- You must not seek or obtain help from anyone else.

All work should be handwritten and should include your student number.

You have 24 hours to complete and submit this assessment. When you have finished:

- scan your work, convert it to a **single PDF** file, and submit this file using the tool below the link to the exam;
- e-mail a copy to **maths@qmul.ac.uk** with your student number and the module code in the subject line;
- with your e-mail, include a photograph of the first page of your work together with either yourself or your student ID card.

You are expected to spend about 2 hours to complete the assessment, plus the time taken to scan and upload your work. Please try to upload your work well before the end of the submission window, in case you experience computer problems. Only one attempt is allowed — once you have submitted your work, it is final.

Examiners: M. Shamis

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Main Examination period 2021 – May/June – Semester B Online Alternative Assessments

# MTH5103: Complex Variables

Examiners: M. Shamis

### Question 1 [20 marks].

(a) Find all the solutions of the equation

$$\frac{2z+3-4i}{i+1-4z} = -1+2i.$$

Justify all of your steps.

[10]

(b) Describe the image of the domain 1 < x < 4 under the transformation  $w = \frac{1}{z}$ . Justify all of your steps. [10]

## Question 2 [20 marks].

- (a) Let  $f(x,y) = u(x,y) + iv(x,y) \neq 0$  be an analytic function on a domain  $\Omega$ . Prove that if |f(z)| is a constant function on  $\Omega$ , then f(z) is a constant function on  $\Omega$ . [10]
- (b) Find all the branch points and the discontinuity points of the function

$$f(z) = \frac{z - \sqrt{3z + 2}}{z + \sqrt{z^2 - 4}}.$$

Justify all of your steps.

[10]

#### Question 3 [20 marks].

(a) Using the Ratio Test, or otherwise, determine the radius of convergence of the power series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^n}{n!} (z + 3 - 4i)^n.$$

State the test that you are using and justify all of your steps.

[10]

(b) Does the series in part (a) converge for  $z = -\frac{11}{3} + i\frac{11}{3}$ ? Justify your answer. [10]

### Question 4 [20 marks].

(a) Find the coefficients  $a_n$  and  $b_n$  of the Laurent series

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n (z-z_0)^n + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n (z-z_0)^{-n}$$

of the function  $f(z) = z^4 \cos\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right)$  on the set 0 < |z| < 4, where  $z_0 = 0$ . Justify all of your steps.

(b) Determine the residue of the function f(z) from part (a) at the point z = 0. State all the propositions (or theorems) that you are using and justify all of your steps. [10]

## Question 5 [20 marks].

(a) Find all singularities of the function

$$f(z) = \frac{e^{-1/z^2}}{z^3 - i},$$

and determine the nature of each of these singularities (e.g. removable singularity, pole, essential singularity). Justify all of your steps. [10]

(b) Using the Residue Theorem, or otherwise, compute

$$\int_{C} \frac{\cos z}{(z-1)(z-2)^2} dz,$$

where C is the positively oriented circle of radius  $\frac{3}{2}$  centered at z=3. State all the theorems that you are using and justify all of your steps. [10]