

MTH5103 Complex Variables

Week 3 Practice Exercises

These exercises are for your daily practice.

- Using the definition of a limit, prove that for any $z_0 \neq 0$, $\lim_{z \rightarrow z_0} \frac{\bar{z}}{z} = \frac{\bar{z}_0}{z_0}$.
- Prove each of the three parts of Proposition 1 in the Week 3 Lecture, namely if $f(z), g(z)$ have limits w_0, w_1 as $z \rightarrow z_0$, then
 - $f(z) + g(z)$ has limit $w_0 + w_1$ as $z \rightarrow z_0$
 - $f(z)g(z)$ has limit w_0w_1 as $z \rightarrow z_0$ (Hint: try adding and subtracting $f(z)w_1$ to your expression)
 - $\frac{1}{f(z)}$ has limit $\frac{1}{w_0}$ as $z \rightarrow z_0$, provided $w_0 \neq 0$. (Hint: you may need to estimate the value of $|f(z)|$ in this part.)

- Prove that

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{\bar{z}}{z} & \text{for } z \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } z = 0 \end{cases}. \quad (1)$$

is continuous at all $z_0 \neq 0$.

- Prove that the function defined by

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{z^2}{|z|} & \text{for } z \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } z = 0 \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

is continuous for all $z_0 \in \mathbb{C}$. Note that to check this, you need to show that $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{z^2}{|z|} = 0$ and also that for $z_0 \neq 0$, $\lim_{z \rightarrow z_0} \frac{z^2}{|z|} = \frac{z_0^2}{|z_0|}$.

- What can you say about the limit of $f(z) = \frac{z^2}{|z|^2}$ as z approaches 0?
- Go through the proof to Proposition 4 in the Week 3 Lecture carefully. Be sure that you understand all of the $\epsilon - \delta$ details!
- Prove that $\lim_{z \rightarrow -1} \frac{iz + 3}{z + 1} = \infty$ by calculating $\lim_{z \rightarrow -1} \frac{z + 1}{iz + 3}$ to be zero.
- Notice that the proof of Proposition 7 in the Week 3 Lecture also holds for real functions. Can you think of a function which is continuous everywhere, but differentiable nowhere?