## MTH6142 Complex Networks

## Assessed Coursework 5

Consider the following growing network model in which each node i is assigned an *attractiveness*  $a_i \in \mathbb{N}^+$  drawn from a distribution  $\pi(a)$ . Let N(t) denote the total number of nodes at time t. At time t = 1 the network is formed by two nodes joined by a link.

- At every time step a new node joins the network. Every new node has initially a single link that connects it to the rest of the network.
- At every time step t the link of the new node is attached to an existing node i of the network chosen with probability  $\Pi_i$  given by

$$\Pi_i = \frac{a_i}{Z},$$

where

$$Z = \sum_{j=1,\dots,N(t-1)} a_j.$$

Provide the mean-field solution of the model by considering the following two points.

(A) Assume that

 $Z \simeq \overline{a}t,$ 

where  $\overline{a}$  indicates the average of a over the distribution  $\pi(a)$ . Derive the time evolution  $k_i = k_i(t)$  of the expected degree  $k_i$  of a node i in the mean-field approximation. [2 MARKS]

(B) Assume that

$$\pi(a) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for} \quad a = 1, \\ 0 & \text{for} \quad a \neq 1, \end{cases}$$

and that  $Z \simeq \overline{a}t$ .

Derive the degree distribution P(k) of the network for large times, i.e.  $t \gg 1$ , in the mean-field approximation. [2 MARKS]